## THE COURTS.

Service of an Amended Complaint in the Walker Divorce Suit.

Interesting Legal and Financial Contest Between Husband and Wife.

PECULIAR PROCEEDINGS.

Important Question as to the Reconstruction of a Lease.

The Walker divorce suit promises to be an heirloom in the courts. In the suit brought by Mrs. Walker against Dr. Walker for absolute divorce on the ground of his alleged adultery the amended complaint has been served by Mr. John B. Perry, counsel for Mrs. Walker, on Mr. G. W. McAdam, the opposing counsel. his complaint sets forth that the parties were married n San Franciso in August, 1867. That on May 1, 1868, or. Walker, by their joint exertions, having in the ntime acquired certain rights and property, articles fagreement were signed between him, as principal, and certain other parties as agents, under which his out \$250,000 since acquired by him in this State, has nee been managed and is to be managed until May s domicile from San Francisco to New York. That the contentions which arose here subsequent to 1870 on account of his relations here by his two former wives, allegated his affections from her with a view to obtain his favor or favorable provisions in his will to the injury of her children. That the reputation they sought to give her is not her true character, and that her expulsion from his house and his suit for divorce on the ground of her alleged adultery was instancer and without intent to prosecute it to final judgment, but with intent only to bring her to his terms. The complaint further sets forth that the constitution of the State of California provides that "have shall be passed more clearly delining the rights of the wife in relation as well to her separate property as to that held in common with her husbana." That the Legislature of California in pursuance thereof, and before the marriage between the plaintiff and defendant, abolehed dower in the wife and curtesy in the husband, denied the husband or the wife the right to make a will without the consent in writing of the other in respect to common property, and further enacted that "ail property acquired after the marriage by either husband or wite, except such as may be acquired by gift, bequest, devise or descent, shall be ecommon property; that "the husband shall have the entire management and control of the common property, with the like absolute power of disposition as of his own separate estate," which by judicial construction is not the power of allenation with a view to deleat her rights; that "in case of the aussolution or the marriage by decree of any court of completent jurisduction, the common property shall be equally divided between the parties, and the Court granting the decree shall make such order for the division of the promote of the course of the case, deem just and allow, and such allowance shall be subject to revision on appeal in all respects, including the exercise of discretion, from the lates of the case, deem just and allow, and such allowance shall be subject to revision on appeal in all respects, including the exercise of ated his affections from her with a view to obtain his favor or favorable provisions in his will to the in-

transpired.

One of the two children named is the child of Mrs. Walger by her first husband. Mrs. Walker has also brought
suit in the Supreme Court for a limited divorce on the
ground of crucity, in the event of Dr. Walker's retreating or a miscarriage of the adultery suits, in which she
claims the same rights and powers, and represents her
two children and their rights. If her counsel is correct
in his views, and he claims to have authority at common law to lake the course he is pursuing, in addition
to the contract and the California statutes, these suits
involve no less a question than the descent, on Dr.
Walker's death, of \$300,000 to Mrs. Walker's two
children.

REFORMING A LEASE.

A rather interesting and curious litigation has arisen m connection with the leasing of No. 285 Broadway The papers show that Messrg. John, Julius and Philip sed from Henry J. Whitehorne and others the premises named for twenty-one years, from May 1, premises named for twenty-one years, from May he 1872, at an annual rent of \$10,000, with a covenant in the lease that \$15,000 should be expended by the leasees upon alterations of the building. The lessees expended, however, \$25,000 in such alterations, having put up a new thon front and substantially making an entire new building out of the old one, such alterations being made with the consent and approval of the lessors. It appears, however, that there was a clause in the lease compelling the lessees in case the building should be destroyed by fire or otherwise during the bolding of the lease to replace it by a new building. There were also other clauses in the lease deadvantageous, as is claimed, to the lessees, the latter having signed the same, as they claimed, without sufferent knowledge as to its purport and meaning. Since May I of last year the lessors have collected the rents for the whole of the building excepting the first story and basement, which, it is claimed by the lessees, they had no right to do, at least without crediting them with the amount thus collected, which the lessors refused to do. On this account the Messers. Koch refused to pay their rent, and thereupon an action was brought to dispossess them before. Justice Callaban, who granted an injunction restraining the dispossess proceedings. The plantific now ask in addition that the lease be reformed; that the lessors be required to account for the moneys received from other tenants; that the value of those portions of the building occupied by ether tenants be against and that the value of the improvements be definitely settied. The case will come up for further argument in the Court to-day. 1872, at an annual rent of \$10,000, with a covenant in

SUMMARY OF LAW CASES. Before Judge Van Brunt, of the Court of Common Pleas, was concluded yesterday the retrial of the suit brought by Lucas Thompson against Alexander and dward Lumley, for alleged malicious prosecution. A

verdict for \$3,200 was given the plaintiff. In the guit brought by the United States in the United ates District Court for the condemnation of a lot of

States District Court for the condemnation of a lot of ladics' dreases consigned to A. D. Opponheimer, and seized on the Pommeranta in July jass, the jury yesterday rendered a verdict for the government.

William H. Newman, receiver of the New York, Utrea and Ogdensburg Raifroad, applied yesterday to Judge Barrett for leave to sue subscribers for stock of the company for the unpaid amount of such subscriptions, only ten per cent having been paid. The Court took the papers.

There was a further examination yesterday before Chief Justice Daiy, of the Court of Common Pleas, in the suit brought by Ludwig Trieste to set aside his marriage with Julia M. Homans, the particulars of which were given in Wednesday's Hunato, Neveral additional witnesses were called and further testimony will be taken to-day.

which were given in Wednesday's Hamato. Several additional wincesses were called and further testimony will be taken to-day.

In Supreme Court, Chambers, yesterday, Judge Barrett, on application of Mr. William F. Howe, granted a habeas corpus in the case of Mary Schultz, at present comfined in the Pentientiary on a charge of larceny. The point raised upon which it is sought to obtain her discharge, is that it was not proven at the time to whom the stolen property belonged.

In the United States District Court yesterday, before fadge Blatchford, a suit was brought by the creditors of N. S. Solomen to have him adjudged a bankrupt. Mr. Solomor falled on May 23, 18-40, owing about 100,000. The Continental Bank, where he kept his account, obtained from him about \$50,000, due them on an verdrait. This was claimed to be a preference of one stadfor over another, and constituted an act of hank-raptcy. In defence it is claimed that the bank had a special agreement with Solomon, by which, when he prefuter his account, he did so only as their agent, and hair in taking back the money they only took their part. Has not good in the Co., thirtoen years aco

DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT-CHAMBERS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

By Judge Barrett.

Bright vs. The Milwaukee and St. Paul Raifroad Company et al.—Plaintiff's petition and order to show cause dismissed and order made granting defendants an allowance as a condition of discontinue.

Sheli vs. Victney.—The Sheriff of Kings county is entitled to be heard on this application.

Matter of Mary Josephine Wade.—Report confirmed and order will be granted when the blanks are filled up. The attorney may fill in \$50 as his allowance.

Miller vs. Frost.—Although there was a default in this case I must deny this motion, as from an inspection of the pleadings the case can be tried within an hour.

denied.

Saportas vs. The Mayor, &c.—This is not a case for a bill of particulars, nor for a specification of damages. All that must be left to be proved upon the trial, and the plaintiff ought up to be limited in advance of any specified items. The motion must be denied, with \$10.

Hutton vs. Clapp.—11 Abb, R. R. (n. s.), 445, does not hold that the undertaking given on the attachment should deprive the defendant on the statutory bond, especially where, as here it is averred, such undertaking is insufficient. Motion granted, with \$10 costs.

Matter of Kingsbridge Road.—Report confirmed and order for payment made.

Halbert vs. Starbuck.—Complaint dismissed for want of prosequing.

Cowen vs. McConn et al.—The defendants being sole executors and executivit the motion to advance cause must be granted.

Ross vs. Senior.—The service by mail was irregular. It was not a proceeding an action where the defendant had appeared in person, and, consequently, section 410 of the Code is inapplicable. It was a direct proceeding against the judgment debtor, and should have been served personally quite as much as the original supplementary order. The motion to vacate must be granted, but without costs.

Levi and another vs. Harding.—The preponderance of evidence is in favor of the representations having been made. Harding's testimony is entitled to but little credit, in view of his confessedly fraudulent transfer to Mrs. Callahan, and Levi is confirmed by Harding's silence when accused by Bullowa of having made the representations (which is testified to by Grove.) But the arrest must be held on the ground also of a fraudulent disposition of property. Here the defendants, learful or being pressed by the plaintiff for an honest debiturned over all their goods and assets to Mrs. Callahan for a debt of \$575 due her by one of the members of the firm. This is what Harding calls her being the largest creditor of the firm. The transfer was fraud, and the motion must be denied, with \$10 costs.

Potter vs. Coulter.—Referred to Hon. William Mitchell, to take proof as to the facts stated in the affidavits upon both sides and to report with his opinion.

Kelly vs. Hastings.—I cannot say that the defendant may be permitted to go into one, at least, of his alleged effects, and, if so, it makes out a strong case for a change. Upon the whole, the motion ough to be granted upon condition that the defendant supulates within ten days to permit the testimony of the witnesses named in plaintiff's papers to be taken in Chambers here with the like effect as if taken conditionally, but their depositions so taken be read upon the trial without objection except as to substance of the testimony? \$10 costs to abide the event.

Pool v

May.
Tominson vs. Raynor.—Motion granted for first Monday of May.
The Mayor, &c., vs. Stafford —Application denied.
Lawrence vs. Organ et al.—Motion granted.
Milbank vs. McGinnis et al.—Report confirmed and order made.

By Judge Lawrence. Hauck vs. Craighead et al.—Case settled.

By Judge Van Brunt.

Williamson vs. Mason.—The plaintiff's attorney must examine the defendant's proposed findings, and indicate which of them they concede to be established by the evidence, and which they dispute and, also furnish me a copy of the findings already made. The case upon the plaintiff's appeal is settled.

By Judge Van Vorst.

Eeels vs. Otard, et al.; Bell vs. Kiernan et al.—Decrees signed. SUPREME COURT-SPECIAL TERM.

By Judge Speir.

Cothrane, et al., vs. The Hanover National Bank.—Order removing action to United States Circuit Court.

Matter of the petition of Hardem, &c.—Referee's report confirmed and mortgage discharged of record.

Black vs. Dooling et al.—Judgment of foreclosure and sale ordered.

Emias vs. Hoops.—Motion denied.

Towle vs. Remsen et al.—Order denying motion for allowance.

Black vs. Dooling et al.—Judgment of foreclosure and sale ordered.

Emins vs. Hoops.—Motion denied.
Towle vs. Remsen et al.—Order denying motion for allowance.

Meniral Cariger vs. Elizabeth Cariger.—Judgment of divorce in havor of plaintiff.

Gwynne vs. Belden; Keep et al. vs. Belden; Niles vs. Lockhart et al.; The Anthracite Insurance Company vs. Hubbell; Walker vs. Isaacs; Winant vs. Cartier; Gibert vs. Hill; Ibbotson vs. King; Morgan vs. The chest showed that the man had died of pleurits, the chest showed that the man had died of pleurits, the chest showed that the man had died of pleurits, the chest showed that the man had died of pleurits, the chest showed that the man had died of pleurits, the chest showed that the man had died of pleurits, the chest showed that the man had died of pleurits, the chest showed that the man had died of pleurits, the chest showed that the man had died of pleurits, the chest showed that the man had died of pleurits, the fight between Meltz and Roppeygott, his wife and a man, named Hanygowski. The three immates of Rappeygott's house assaulted sielts with sticks taken from the bankers.

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MARINE COURT-CHAMBERS.

By Judge McAdam.

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Post vs. Arnelt.—Motion granted as per order filed.
Lewis vs. Davis.—Motion granted, without costs.
Howell vs. Weish.—Motion granted.
Paten vs. Green.—Hall Bell appointed receiver.
Calwell vs. Ferguson.—Motion denied.
Wightman vs. Dunham.—Motion to vacate.
Judge Goepp's order denied. The motion to advance cause cranted. Wilks vs. Beecher.—The order already entered is t

wilks vs. beceder
stand.

Beiden vs. Osterhondt.—Motion granted on defendant consenting to try issue April 23, 1876, in Part 3.

Schlaeper vs. Penney.—Order for arrest vacated on
stipulating not to sue.

Rettledt vs. Bichards.—Attachment ordered
Hamilton vs. Tobler.—Receiver appointed.
The Traiesmen's National Bank vs. Rice.—Motion to
overrule demurrer granted.

Kirkpatrick vs. Noah; Diebfield vs. Totans; Nichola
vs. Voorhiss; Peisser vs. Laudensky.—Motions granted.

POLICE COURT NOTES. At the Tombs vesterday, before Justice Flammer. ames Wilson, of No. 208 Forsyth street, and Charles Clarkson, of No. 89 East Broadway, pedlers, were held to answer for having burglars' tools in their posses-

to answer for having burglars' tools in their possession.

In the Court of Special Sessions yesterday, before
Justices Flammer, Wandell and Wheeler, Andrew
Bruno, Francis Franciscin and Antonio Britelo, Italian
musicans, were convicted under the Mendicant act of
employing minors for begging purposes, and were
fined \$50 each.

James Nagle, a young man living at No. 108 East
Tenth street, was held by Justice Morgan at the Washington Place Police Court in \$500 bail to answer a
charge of swinding. His trick is an old one. Entering
the drug store of G. T. Judd, No. 91 Eighth avenue, he
purchased five cents worth of salts, giving in payment
a five dollar bill. When the change was given he
etaimed that it was \$1 short and demanded \$1 extra.
It is alleged that he swindled Mr. Utley, of No. 142 and
Mr. Robert Blackburn, of No. 166 Eighth avenue in the
same manner.

COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

SCPHERE COURT—CHAMBERS—Held by Judge Barrett.—Nos. 60, 75, 98, 122, 130, 179, 183, 181, 182, 173, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 209, 218, 219, 238, 242, 246, 249, 277. Call No. 287 up to and including 374.

SUPERRE COURT—SPECIAL TREE—Held by Judge Vas Vorst—Demurrer—No. 15. Law and Fact.—Nos. 55, 220, 238, 240, 352, 255, 257, 359, 262, 367, 371, 372, 373, 375, 376, 386, 404, 408, 410, 411, 415, 417, 418, 449, 420, 421, 444, 32, 214, 46, 110, 198, 324.

SUPERRE COURT—CHRUIT—Fart 1—Held by Judge Lawrence—Short causes.—Nos. 1418, 1379, 2529, 1904, 2600, 2631, 2699, 2671, 2773, 2953, 2502, 2914, 2433, 2230, 2601, 2699, 2671, 2773, 2953, 2502, 2914, 2433, 2230, 2601, 2609, 2671, 2773, 2953, 2502, 2914, 2433, 2230, 2504, 2609, 2671, 2773, 2920, 2518, 2623, 1780, 2620, 1781, 2137, 2290, 2518, 2623, 2784, 2620, 2624, 273, 1849, 2789, 2619, 2772, 2787, 2871, 3892, 2789, 2619, 2793, 2679, 2771, 2624, 273, 1849, 2789, 2619, 2793, 2679, 2771, 2624, 273, 1849, 2789, 2619, 2789, 2679, 2771, 2619, COURT CALENDARS-THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS. ALBANY, April 20, 1876. The following business was transacted in this Court

No. 100. Veorhees vs. Olmstead.—Argument re-umed and concluded.
Nos. 81, 82 and 83. In re Morgan, three cases.— trgued by John A. Godfrey for appellant, Joseph H. Choate for respondent.
No. 156. The Tradesmen's National Bank vs. Mc-Pelly.—Argued by Isaac Dayton for appellant, Robert I. Corlicti for respondent.
No. 97. Watson vs. Brennan.—Argued by A. J. Van-lerpoel for appellant, S. B. Browrell for respondent.

Nos. 160, 167, 96, 169, 170, 171, 172 and 173.

UNITED STATES SUPREME COURT. Washington, D. C., April 19, 1876. In the United States Supreme Court to-day the fol-

In the United States Supreme Court to-day the following cases were heard:

No. 215. Reckendorier vs. Faber.—Appeal from the Circuit Court for the Southern District of New York.—This was a bill siled by the appellant to restrain an alleged infringement by Faber of certain letters patent for improvement in lead pencils, consisting of a pencil composed of a wooden sheath and lead core, having one end of the sheath enlarged and recessed to constitute a receptacle for an eraser. The claim was for new articles of manufacture, not for the method or mode of constructing them as distinct from the articles themselves, but for the instruments after they are made. The Court dismissed the bill, holding that the article is not patentable, because it does not embody any new device or combination of devices producing a new result, or an old result in a different manner. It is here contended that the article is patentable under the statute allowing a patent to an inventor of "any new and useful art, machine, manufacture or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof." This invention, known as the Lepman invention, is claimed to be a manufacture under this law, and therefore patentable. C. F. Blake and E. Wetmore for appellant; John S. Washburn for appellee.

No. 213. New York Life Insurance Company vs. Hendren—Error to the Supreme Court of Appeals of Virgina.—This was an action on a policy of insurance on the He of the husband of the defendant in error, of Norfolk, Va., in her favor. The policy contained the ioliowing conditions:—"in case the premiums are not paid on or before the several days hereinbefore mentioned for the payment thereof, then the company shall not be liable for the sum insured, and the policy shall cease and determine." "All recepts for premiums paid at agencies are to be signed by the President or Actuary." This last condition was in the margin. The policy was taken out in 185d, and was continued until the commencement of the war, live quarterly premiums remained unpaid at the death of

## RUBENSTEIN'S DENIAL.

Pesach N. Rubenstein, whose case is to come up for argument before the Supreme Court, General Term, before Judges Barnard, Dykeman and Gilbert, on the second Monday in May, is about to be given the freesecond Monday in May, is about to be given the freedom of the corridor in the jail for a short time each
day. He is in excellent health. He says that his wife
is in Poland, where she will stay till his liberation,
which event he is perfectly confident will occur. He
denies the sworn statements of the convicts Carter and
Knox that he offered them \$2,000 to help him to effect
his escape from the jail. Rubenstein said, "I would not
go out if the doors were left open this moment. I was
brought here by the law and I will never leave until I
am released by the law."

Fuchs says "Rubenstein is a bad man."

THE MELTZ INQUEST.

Coroner Eickholf held the inquest yesterday morning who died on the 15th inst. from the effects of wounds received during a quarrel with Max Rappeygott, at the

the result of violence.

The jury returned the verdict that death resulted from "injuries received from one or several persons in the house Ko. 95 Heary street, Sunday, April 9, 1876; and from the evidence taken we cannot determine who the persons were that caused the injuries to the deceased."

THE HAMMOND-JERSEY MYSTERY, OME POINTS WORTH TAKING INTO CONSIDERA-

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:-

To THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD:—

Will you permit one who, for your generous criticisms of her professional merits, is indebted to you for many favors, space in your columns to say a word in justice to the memory of a departed friend?

I quote from your editorial in the issue of the 18th, following your statement that the Cuba arrived at Port Royal either the 5th or 6th of December, 1875, Mrs. Jersey having died on board that ship on the 28th, and Dr. Hammood having returned to his home in Rock-land county December 10.—

Dr. Hammond having returned to his home in Rock-land county December 10:—
Starting from Port Royal on either the 5th or 6th, therefore, he (Dr. Hammond) had ample time to reach Rockland county by the 10th. He gave out on his re-turn that he had been to Alaboma, which seemed safe enough in view of his precautions, and would agree happily if he had been seen on a Southern train by any person that knew him." I do not dispute the correctness of the dates given

by you. On the contrary, they form the basis of the remarks which I have to offer upon this sail and mysterious case. For more than a year previous to the period to which those dates point the trip of Dr. Hammond to Alabama had been the frequent subject of conversation and correspondence between us. I own an estate of between 2,000 and 3,000 acres near Montgomery, Ala., the practical working of which I had long since desired to have the advice of a reliable and experienced party upon. Dr. Hammond, who, with high professional standing, combined a sound, practical judgment upon all matters appertaining to agricultural pursuits, at lest concented to go, and started from his home, as I am informed, on the morning of the 29th of November. I have the most positive and assolute proof that he spent between two and three days on my estate. He conferred with my manager, slept in the house on the plantation, took an exhaustive survey of the entire place and subsequently advised me with regard to its cultivation, giving me the most minute directions as to the use to which certain parts of the land, described by him and well known to me, could be put. Now, if he landed at Port Royal on the earliest of the days you point to, or even a day sooner still, how could he have made the trip from there to Alabama, stayed there from two to three days and be back in New York on the morning of the 10th of December, as he is shown to have been, by overwhelming evidence?

If I remember right he told me that he slayed for half a day in Atlanta, either coming or going, and probably the books of some hotel near the railrond station may contain the name of Gerard B. Hammond, which probably would be viewed by you as evidence quite as reliable of his presence there as "though he had been seen on a Southern tour by any person that knew him." Perhaps your widely circulating paper will cause the hotel scepers of Atlanta to examine their books, and by naming the date on which they find the Buctor's hame entered assist you in coming to correct conc by you. On the contrary, they form the basis of the remarks which I have to offer upon this sail and mys-

A FIRE IN SOUTH STREET.

is was claimed to be a preference of one nother, and constituted an act of bank neather, and constituted an act of bank neather, and constituted an act of bank neather, said constituted an act of bank

SILVER CURRENCY.

PAYMENTS AT THE SUB-TERRABURY—TEN THOU
SAND DOLLARS DISBURSED.

In pursuance of the notice previously given a crowd of caterprising citizens assembled in the vicinity of the Sub-Treasury yesterday for the purpose of obtaining for fractional currency its equivalent in silver coin. The prospect of the experiment of thus facilitating the resumption of apecia payments has already been fully discussed. As might have been expected, the work of paying out in small amounts was necessarily slow, and consequently even at an early bour the operation was robbed of all excitement. In the first place it was determined to redeem no sum exceeding \$100 at each presentation, and one of the conditions was that the currency should be sorted by denominations and be offered in amounts not less than \$5, or in multiplies thereof. Mr. White, the cashier, anticipating a rush, detailed additional clerks to meet the amergency. The utmost regularity and decorum marked the processing from the beginning. The first payment was made to the messenger of the Chamber of Commerce, and its amount was \$100. Very few incidents worthy of note occurred during the day. The results of the designation of the continuous transfer of the commence of the continuous transfer of the continuo of course, occasioned delay, and many, after occupying a great deal of time in front of the payer's deak, silently stole away, the prospective millionnaires waiting with longing aspirations. Throughout the day, from ten o'clock until three, there were probably three hundred persons in line; but, owing to the surroundings progress was not as rapid as might generally be imagined. The clerks assigned to duty left nothing undone on their part, facilitating to the best of their ability the resumption of specie payments. Certain rules, however, had to be complied with and future disbursinents will doubtless be more rapidly made. At noon about \$5,000 it silver had been paid out. Most of the applicants who presented themselves at an early stage asked for the redemption of the full amount allowed—namely, \$100, and consequently the precious metal was disposed of more rapidly than in the alternoon, when numerous custosity seekers asserted their claims. Altogether the distribution of silver coin in return for its equivalent in currency was not marked by any special features of excitement more than that some of the applicants expected to take time by the forelock, while others anticipated pleasure from the delightful vision which to some the muse giving coin presents Payments ceased at three o'clock, and at that hour \$10,000 had been paid out to 150 applicants. Today the clerks will again resume their lators and business will be much facilitated it applicants comply with the necessary regulations.

SILVER JIM FAIR.

[From the Burlington (lows) Hawk-Eye.]

Among a host of other distinguished gentlemen who
availed themselves of the superior hotel accommodations here to spend the Sabbath in the metropolis was James G. Fair, one of the owners of the Consolidated

An ambassador of the Hawk-Eye sought and found him comfortably quartered and partaking of the good things at the Gorham House. The caller was at once invited to be scated, and made known his business, when, in substance, the following little talk took

mand sufficient to absorb this immense production of silver?

Nr. FAR—A somewhat erroneous impression gets abroad about our mines being all silver. It is true they are called 'silver mines,' while in fact the product contains in value from forty-six to fifty per cent of gold. In making our exchanges we get the value of the gold in gold coin, and for the silver we receive gold also; if the market for silver is 53½d, we get about \$1.18½ gold. Our daily transactions on the coast are almost all in silver, and yours soon will be; it will require \$50,000,000 to redeem these little rage (holding up a ten cent shippisster), which you people call money. China and Japan and other countries in that direction will continue to take a large amount, while some parts of continental Europe will use it as necetofore. In Austria it is a legal tender, and their government loans are made payable in silver. The trade dollar, containing \$40 grains of pure silver, will go hence, while the standard American dollar, with only \$12½, and the halves and quarters, with 357, will enter into general circulation, taking the place, as I before remarked, of these rags. This large production will of itself stimulate the use of it in various ways, asside from a circulating neclium.

marked, of these rags. This large production will of itself stimulate the use of it in various ways, aside from a circulating medium.

After some further conversation of the same general character our reporter, thanking Mr. Fair for the information, &c., withdrew.

Mr. Fair is about fifty years of ago, an Irishman by birth, but has long resided in this country; is a quick, ready talker, and always to the point, and shows that he is business all over. He makes his home at Virginia City, as does also his associate, John W. Mackey. His other partners, James C. Flood and William O'Brien, reside in San Francisco. The Virginia Consolidated mine is represented by one hundred and cight thousand shares of \$100 each, now worth in the market \$450 per share, and has been paying monthly dividends of \$10 per share. On this basis the value of the mine is about \$45,000,000, and the dividends \$12,000,000 per annum.

RENO IN WALL STREET.

Yesterday afternoon there was an unusual excitement on the floor of the Stock Exchange; the brokers were hustling around Mr. Moses A. Wheelock, Vice President, and talking in the most excited manner. were hustling around Mr. Moses A. Wheelock, Vice President, and talking in the most excited manner. Mr. J. S. Stanton, it appeared, had bought of Messrs. Wellington Clapp & Co. 100 shares of what is known as "Reno seconds. preferred." This, it seems, is a hand and petroleum stock, which was floated some years since by Messrs. Culver, Penn & Co., bankers of Reno, Pa., who failed through oil and building speculations and largely compounded with their creditors, paying in Reno stock, which yesterday was the subject of dispute. According to general rumor Mr. Stanton either failed to make his purchase good or refused, through some dispute, to pay Messrs. We.lington Clapp & Co. ter the same, and the Vice President commenced to sell the stock "under the rule."

"What's bid?" cried the auctioneer.

"Yive'!" shouted Mr. H. S. Wilson, a broker.

"Reno is sold at 105," said the stately auctioneer to Mr. Wilson.

"I only bid \$," cried Wilson. (Laughter.)

"I will put up the stock again. Order, gentlemen. Is 105 bid for Reno !—100, 95, 90, 85, 80, 75? Is 50 bid? What! not \$5,000 for that which sold at \$10,500 this morning? Is 45, 40, 35, 76 bid?"

"Yes, I'll give 30," said Gardiner Sherman. "It's worth that or nothing."

The stock was knocked down to him for \$3,000, thus entailing a loss on Mr. J. S. Stanton of \$7,500 within a few moments, if the Arbitration Committee confirms the sale.

CENTRAL BANK OF BROOKLYN.

CENTRAL BANK OF BROOKLYN. WINDING UP AFFAIRS WITH THE CREDITORS.

WINDING UP AFFAIRS WITH THE CREDITORS.

At a meeting of creditors of the Brooklyn Central Bank, held yesterday at the office of Commissioner Winslow, 120 persons were present. The total amount realized on the bank property was \$161,700. Of this there had been paid out in dividends \$111,005, leaving a balance yesterday of \$50,631. A dividend of ten percent on the claims proved was declared. The assignee, Stlas B. Dutcher, stated that he had been as expeditions as possible, but that the county claim of \$100,000 and Sheriff Kelly's claim of \$5,000 had delayed him. The claim against the Bank Department of the State will be sold, it was stated, in order to make a final settlement at the next meeting, to be held June 20. Within a week creditors will receive their checks at the effect of Tracy & Catlin.

DUNCAN, SHERMAN & CO.

AURIS —On April 20, after long and severe sufferings Garrierla, nee Schrotter, beloved wife of Otto Auria M. D.

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Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from residence, 44 Bond st., or Saturday, 22d Inst., at eleven o'clock.

Austin — In Harlem, April 17, William Austin, Seconds on of the late Anthony H. Austin.

Bemains taken to Albany for interment.

Bemains taken to Chester, Orango county, on Saturday morphing.

Bother—On Thursday, April 19, of diphtheria, Ind., only daughter of John H. and Isabella W. Buckbee, in the fith year of her age.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her parents, Tremont, on Friday at two P. M.

Boston and Monincello, N. Y., papers please copy.

Campell.—On Wednesday, April 19, Theoroge W., Son of Joseph and Delia Campbell, aged 20 years, 7 months and 9 days.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, 21st inst., from his late residence, No. 323 West 21st inst., from his late residence, No. 323 West 21st 1st., from his late residence, No. 323 West 21st 1st., from her late residence, Th. St., Hunter's Point, Long Island City, on Saturday, April 29, Ellex, beloved wite of Patrick Crowley, deceased, aged 78 years.

Can be parent of the family are most respectfully invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, april 29, Ellex, beloved wite of Patrick Crowley, deceased, aged 78 years.

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Cork papers please copy.

Davinson.—On the 19th inst., at his residence, No. 200 p

SECURITY BANK ROBBERY.

SECURITY BANK ROBBERY.

An ambassador of the Husek-Rye sought and found him confortably quartered and partaking of the good things at the Gorham House. The caller was at once invited to be easted, and made known his business, when, in substance, the following little talk took place.

RIFORTER—Mr. Pair, as you are doubtless aware that the enormous production of your mines of gold and silver are attracting the attention not only of this country but the whole world. I have called as a recker of information with reference to them.

Mr. Fain—I certainly have no objections to telling what is being done. A retidence of twenty-server years on the Pacific slope has given me an opportunity of witching developments is that quarter. The 'Comstock lade,' which underlies Virginia City, in about our miss long and 800 tons of or daily, regioned at trong sound and the continuation of the saic but himself and Sell; when he from 20,000 to 25,000, and expect to increase and the residence, which we have been such the water of the continuation of the saic but himself and Sell; when he from 20,000 to 25,000, and expect to increase the during the summer to \$5,000,000 per month.

Mr. Fain—Virginia City, contains a population or from 20,000 to 25,000, and expect to increase the during the summer to \$5,000,000 per month.

Mr. Fain—Virginia City, contains a population or from 20,000 to 25,000, and expect to increase the combination of the saic but himself and Sell; when he from 20,000 to 25,000, and expect to increase the combination of the saic but himself and Sell; when he from 20,000 to 25,000, and expect to increase the combination of the saic but himself and Sell; when he from 20,000 to 25,000, and expect to increase the combination of the saic but himself and Sell; when he from 20,000 to 25,000, and its many than the saic increase and found the basic of the saic increase and found the problem of the saic but himself and Sell; when he from 20,000 to 25,000, and like many collection the received and the saic increase and the saic incr

found in the back room the umbrella he had loaned to Seit on the previous evening.

Frank like, janitor of the bank, swore that he was in the building between the hours of six and seven on the evening of April 3; he lighted the gas to do his work; then the safe appeared to be all right; next morning he opened the doors, and on entering the bank room he found some burned paper and matches on the floor in front of the safe; he saw a letter on the table in the back room addressed to Mr. Banks and also an umbrella which he recognized as belonging to Mr. Mills; upon examination he also found a new candle, the wick of which had been burned at the top.

Judge Kilbreth then decided to hold Seil in \$10,000 to answer. The larceny of the \$500 is the present complaint, but when the case comes before a higher court it is expected that a charge of embezzling \$60,000 will be made. The Third Avonue Bank also will probably charge Seil with embezzling about \$66,000.

SEVENTH WARD BANK ROBBERY.

On Saturday last James Terhune, of No. 234 Penri On Saturday last James Terbune, of No. 234 Peari street, a messenger, employed in the Seventh Ward Na-tional Bank, left that institution to go to the Market National Bank, corner of Beekman and Pearl streets, where he drew \$1,500 in \$100 gold certificates and one \$500 gold certificate. He then went to the Post Office for letters. While in the corridor of that building he was jostled by two mon, and on leaving he found that he had been robbed of the entire sum. Detective Per-ris was down town on that day and watched opposite ris was down town on that day and watched opposite the Market Bank a man who was acting suspiciously, with two or three others. Ferris followed the man to several salcons, and late at night left him at Hamilton place, Jersey City. On Monday Ferris read in the Hrkath of the robbery of the measenger, and upon making loquiries was fully satistice that the man he had "shadowed" was one of the robbers. In company with Detective Williamson be yesterday arrested the suspected person at the Pavonia ferry, as he was coming over from Jersey City. Williamson took charge of the prisoner and Ferris went to the prisoner's house in Jersey street, near Hamilton place. On searching the premises he found a number of blank checks and several checks purporting to be signed by New York merchants. The detectives brought the prisoner before Judge Morgan at the Washington Place Police Court yesterday alternoon, where he gave his name as David Swayne. He was charged with stealing from the bank messenger fifteen \$100 gold certificates and one \$500 gold certificate, two drafts on R. H. Rochester, treasurer of the Western Union Telegraph Company, valued at \$197.40; one National Bank bill of \$10, one, of \$5 and twenty-five cents in currency, amounting in all to \$2, 213.56.

BIDS FOR GAS.

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Bids were yesterday opened by the Commissioner of Public Works for the supply of gas, repairing of lamps, &c., for the nine months from May 1 to December 31, 1876. The prices at which the various companies offered to supply the gas for each lamp for this period are as follows:—Manhattau Company, \$14; Metropolitan, \$20 12; New York, \$14; Harlem, \$24; Mutual, \$13, 75. The Mutual being the lowest bidder will receive the contract for that portion of the city covered by their gas mains. All the companies fixed the price for fitting up lampposts at \$10, and they all hid \$10 per lamp for refitting. The Harlem and Metropolitan companies will also supply a portion of the gas on the line of their mains. Connections must be made with about 3,000 lamps under the acceptances of these bids.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS.

ENGAGED.

KURTZ-KURTZ - Mr. SOLORON R. KURTZ, of Newburg, N. Y., to Miss LENA KURTZ, of Brooklyn. No carda.

MARRIED.

MARRIED.

BALCH-ELLIS.—In Syracuse, on Wednesday, April 19, by the Rev. Mr. Lockwood, Frand W. Balch, of Chicago, to Lecy Ellis, daughter of James M. Ellis, Ksq.

Camerden—Gearet.—On April 19, 1876, by the Rev. P. J. Denley, Charles Albert Camerden to Marin Rhoista Graphy, Charles Albert Camerden to Marin Rhoista Graphy, who on ... Wednesday evening, April 19, as St. Thomas 'church, by the Rev. Stophen Tyng, Jr., assisted by the Rev. Dr. Morgen, Alexander C. Chenomath, of Washington, B. C., to Kittie R., daughter of Hon. Fernando Wood.

past one o clock, from her late residence, 34 Gouvernew st. thence to Calvary Cemetery for interment.

Cork papers please copy.

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Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Saturday, 22d inst, from his late residence, 310 Enat 37th st., at half-mast one P. M.

Pittsburg papers please copy.

Jourson.—Suddenly, at Greenpoint, Elema Jourson, in the 77th year of her age.

Relatives and Criends are invited to attend the services, this (Friday) afternoon, at four o'clock, at the residence of her sometelaw, William Young, 103 Kenist, Greenpoint.

Korn.—On Thursday, April 20, Caroline, beloved wile of Jacob Korn.

Friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, the 21st inst, at ten o'clock A. M., from her fale residence, No. 250 West 39th at Law.—On Wednesday, April 19, 1876, at his late residence, No. 321 East 33 st., Matthew Law, in the 22 year of his age.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

Lakerax.—On Thursday morning, Rowart Francis, second son of Jeremiah and Isabella Linchan, in the 18th year of his age.

His remains will be taken from his late residence, 37 East 54th st., to St. Joseph's church, East 57th st., where a solemn mass of requiem will be offered up for the repose of his soul, at half-past nine A. M., on Saturday, the 22d inst.; thence to Calvary Cemetery.

Lowensaran,—Suddenly, on Thursday morning, April 29, at the residence, 161 West 22d is.

Ludiam.—On April 20, 1876, Mrs. Annie Ludiam, and the funeral services, at eleven o'clock, on Monday, the 24th inst., at the residence of her son, David Ludiam, Jr., 146 East 127th st., Harlem. Interment at Thrytown.

Ouders.—On the 19th inst., Harrey W. Ouders, aged

Friends of the family are invited to attend the fement services, at eleven o'clock, on Monday, the 24th inst., at the residence of her son, David Ludiam, Jr., 146 East 127th st., Harlem. Interment at Thrytown.

Ouders.—On the 19th inst., Harrey W. Ouders, aged 35 years and 4 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 428 West 18th st., on Saturday, at ten o'clock, Edward and Edward School, and Edward School, and Edward Scho

Funcral service at Grace church, on the Heights, Friday, three o'clock.

Syracuse papers please copy.

Pixier.—On Thursday, April 30, Charles G., con of William A. and Clementine Pixlee, aged 5 years and 3 months.

The remains will be taken to Union Cemetery, at Rye, by 9 A. M. train on Saturday.

Rackett,—At Orient Point, L. L., on Wednesday, April 19, Acras R. Lature, wife of William H. Rackett, in the 27th year of her age.

Funcral at Orient, Friday, April 21, at four P. M. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited.

Remays.—On Wednesday, April 19, Mary K., wife of James Remaen, in the 60th year of her age.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, on Friday, at lour P. M., from her late residence, No. 174 Delancey st. Remains taken to Greenwood on Saturday.

Romans.—In New Brunswick, N. J., on Tuesday, April 18, of diphtheris, George Jurrer, son of Edward W. and Louisa Latham Robbins, in the 8th year of his age.

April 18. of diphtheris, Gronge Justure, son of Edward W. and Louise Latham Robbins, in the 8th year of his age.

ROGERS.—EDWARD EVERETT, son of Joseph and Josephine Rogers.

Funcral to-day at one o'clock.
ROOSEVELT.—In Paris, France, February 14, Mrs. Connected Roosevelt, widow of James I. Roosevelt and daughter of the late ex-Governor Van Ness, of Vermont.

Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral, at Grace church, on Saturday morning, the 22d inst., at ten o'clock, without further notice.

Vermont papers please copy.

SIERASM.—On April 20, ANNIR L., youngest child of Henry and Catharina Siemann, aged 6 months and days.

Relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the parents' residence, 843 2d av., corner 45th st., this Friday, April 21, at one o'clock P. M.

STRUNDOR.—On Thursday, the 20th inst., William Strundon.

Funeral services at the residence of his sister, Mrs. W. H. R. Tyson, No. 36 Troy av., Brooklyn, on Sunday, the 256 inst., at two o'clock P. M.

STODART.—In this city, April 19, Marcia L., widow of the inte Adam Stodar.

Relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral at St. George's church, Sugvessmisquare, Saturday, April 22, at half-past ten A. M.

Thark.—On Thursday, the 20th inst., Charles B.

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Thark.—In the Sorth year of his age.

Relatives and triends of the lamily are respectfully invited to attend the funeral on Saturday, 22d inst., from his late residence, 400 West st., at one P. M.

Isle of Man papers please copy.